HAUTE ÉCOLE D'INGÉNIERIE ET DE GESTION DU CANTON DE VAUD

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Towards cartographic portrayal interoperability The revision of OGC Symbology Encoding standard

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Roadmap

1) Introduction: what is cartographic portrayal interoperability all about?

2) Standardization:

- Where we are, where we want to go, ...
- What's the problem?
- 3) On-going revision work:
 - Enhancement of styling capabilities
 - Good practices to favor adoption

4) Conclusion

Introduction

Cartographic portrayal

- map as the portrayal of geographic information as a digital image file suitable for display on a computer screen (ISO/DIS 19128:2005)
- Interoperability ▶ Open Standards
 - interconnected computing systems can work together to accomplish a common task (Sykora, 2007)
 - different systems to communicate with each other without depending on a particular actor ...
 - ... based on the presence of an open standard!

A little story

- Tom does create a map with his X cartographic rendering system
- Tom does **share it** with Jerry
- Jerry shall visualize with his Y rendering system the **exact same portrayal** Tom does see



• Jerry shall be able to **re-work** Toms' map

Sharing cartography

- When you get some data (e.g. shapefiles) you often do not get symbology (Fee, 2009)
- If you get a kind of side-car **style file**
 - the used style language is neither standardized
 - no guarantee to be able to visualize the exact same map



- Easy to share data but still complicated to share cartography
 - A common symbology model to build styles to apply on geodata (just like CSS for HTML)

Open distributed systems with OGC standards

- SDIs = intense and crucial culture of sharing
- OGC standard **WMS** (Web Map Service)



- Yisualize N cartographic facets based on predefined styles
- Take the control of the servers' underlying rendering engine
 - → **SLD** (Styled Layer Descriptor) profile
 - → SE (Symbology Encoding) language

Compliance with a standardized language to interact and combine more than one rendering system

Standardized symbology model

- Capabilities to describe syntactically all the usual cartographic representations
 - from topographic maps to thematic representations
- Within the mapping process/cartographic recipe
 - ▶ a focus on the graphical symbolization step



Open standard for sharing cartography

- appropriation: in addition to get some geodata, get styles to discover some of their cartographic facets
- **reuse&combine**: reusing and combining data from different sources hence increasing the production of maps and allowing infinite visual spatial analysis possibilities
- **do-not-reinvent-the-wheel**: creation of symbology repositories / librairies offering ready-to-use styles, often tailored for specific thematics (e.g. noise maps)
- interoperate: collaborative authoring where several users contribute to the creation of a map, each user using her/his own software

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OGC SE symbology language

- Currently the more advanced open standard for sharing cartography, but ...
 - → Largely adopted at server-side rendering systems
 - → Few at client-side softwares offering nice UI to build maps.
- Reasons
 - still moving "from closed monolithic applications to open distributed systems" (Sykora, 2007)
 - current SE standard does offer limited capabilities for describing advanced cartographic symbolizations

Standardization process: a work of compilation and more ...

- Research projects results
 - Duarte Teixeira, 2005; Ertz, 2007; Dietze, 2007; Sykora, 2007; Envitia, 2008; Mays, 2008; Iosifescu-Enescu, 2010; Bocher, 2011; Ertz, 2012
- Change requests received by OGC SWG
 - CR07-105 : Change Request extensions for thematic mapping
 - CR09-016: OWS-6 Symbology Encoding (SE) Changes
 - CR11-023 (chart extn), CR10-145 (hatch fill extn), etc.
 - Full list: Styled Layer Descriptor & Symbology Encoding SWG Charter document***

http://www.opengeospatial.org/projects/groups/sldse1.2swg

The ongoing revision of SE: enhance styling capabilities

- Compound stroke (CR09-016)
- Hatch/density/dotmap filling
- Perpendicular offset lines (for polygon and line feature type)
- Bar charts, pie charts, polar charts...



- Multiple drawing pass (e.g. draw nicely connected highway symbols)
- Absolute portrayal units of measure (e.g. mm, pt)
- Affine transformations (Translate, Rotate, Scale, Matrix)
- Composite symbolizer (grouping symbolizers as a single unit)
- etc.

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The ongoing revision of SE: some fundamental requirements (1)

- Good practices that should favor a largest adoption of the standard:
 - An essential focus on the symbology model before inserting new encodings of must-have styling capabilities
 - An approach of separation "one conceptual model / many encodings (XML, CSS-like, etc)"
 - A modular approach with an extensible core that allows to add new capabilities according to predefined extension points
 - A minimalist core with surrounding extensions to lower the implementation bar allowing step-by-step conformance

The ongoing revision of SE: some fundamental requirements (2)



The ongoing revision of SE: some fundamental requirements (3)

- A clear definition of the rendering algorithm (avoid ambiguity that would lead to divergent visualization from one rendering engine to another)
- A systematic definition to what kind of **data model** the styling capabilities are designed for (e.g. discrete point GridCoverage)
- Tend to design the integration of new capabilities in the symbology model with consistency, genericity and without redundancy (e.g. user shall not be able to describe one kind of representation in different ways)

Conclusion

- **OGC SE is still in the race**, but a standardization process may take time
 - → Last revision of SLD/SE dates from 2005; ~2010, the evidence is that the Symbology model needs critical evolutions; ~2015, we start to see the light in the far ;-)
- Standardization and research
 - Concensus position within the standard working group members
 - Standardization tends to be disregarded by research (rarely the main topic of a project, at the best it is "way of", not "the purpose")
 - → A topic for the ICA Commission about SDI & Standards

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Towards cartographic portrayal interoperability **Got some questions?**

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